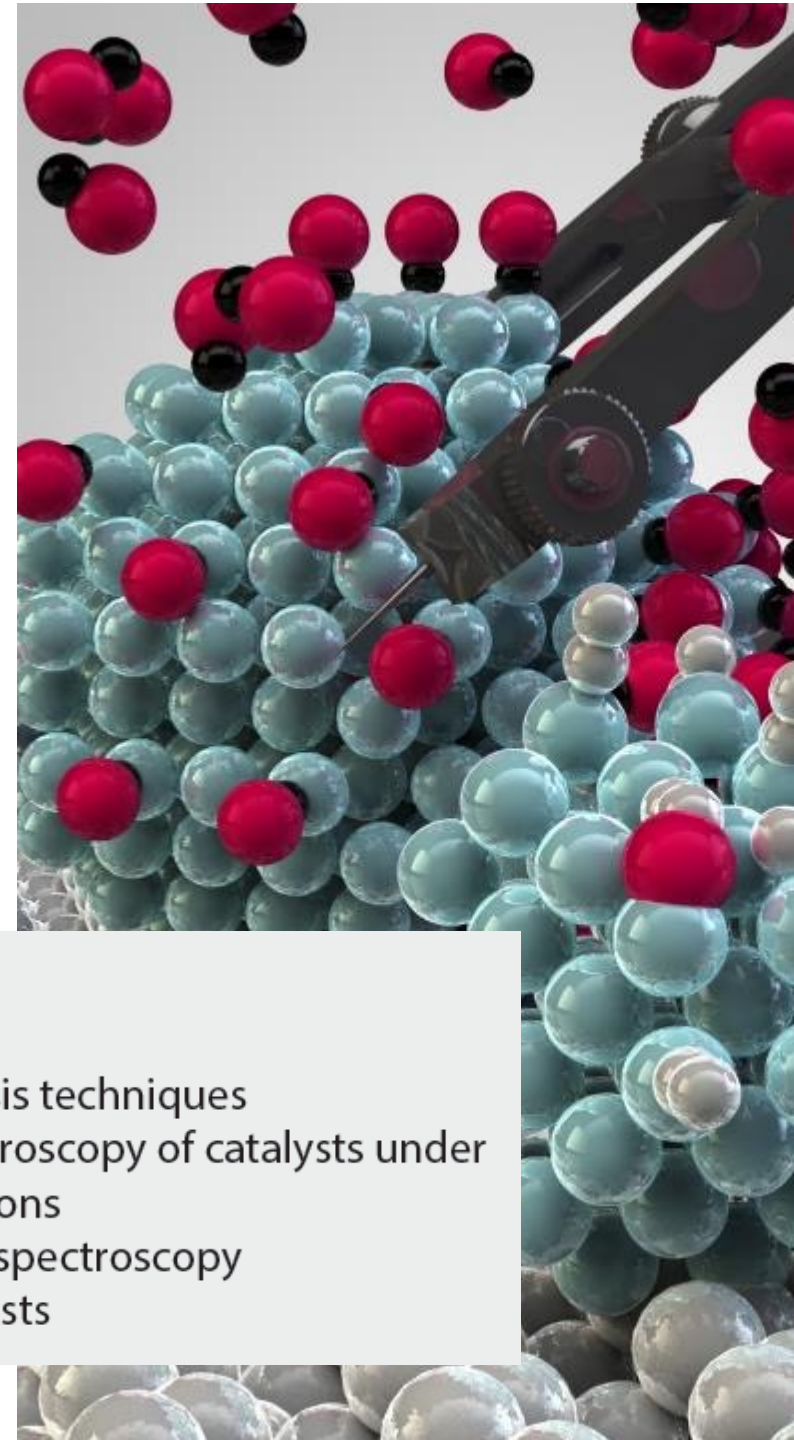




8 scientific staff
8 support staff
~ 50 PhD students
~ 10 postdocs
~ 15 MSc students

The Goal of our Research

The key focus point of the research performed in the group is to establish **the relationship between the structure and performance of solid catalysts** and related materials under reaction conditions through advanced *in situ* and *operando* spectroscopy and microscopy.



Sustainability

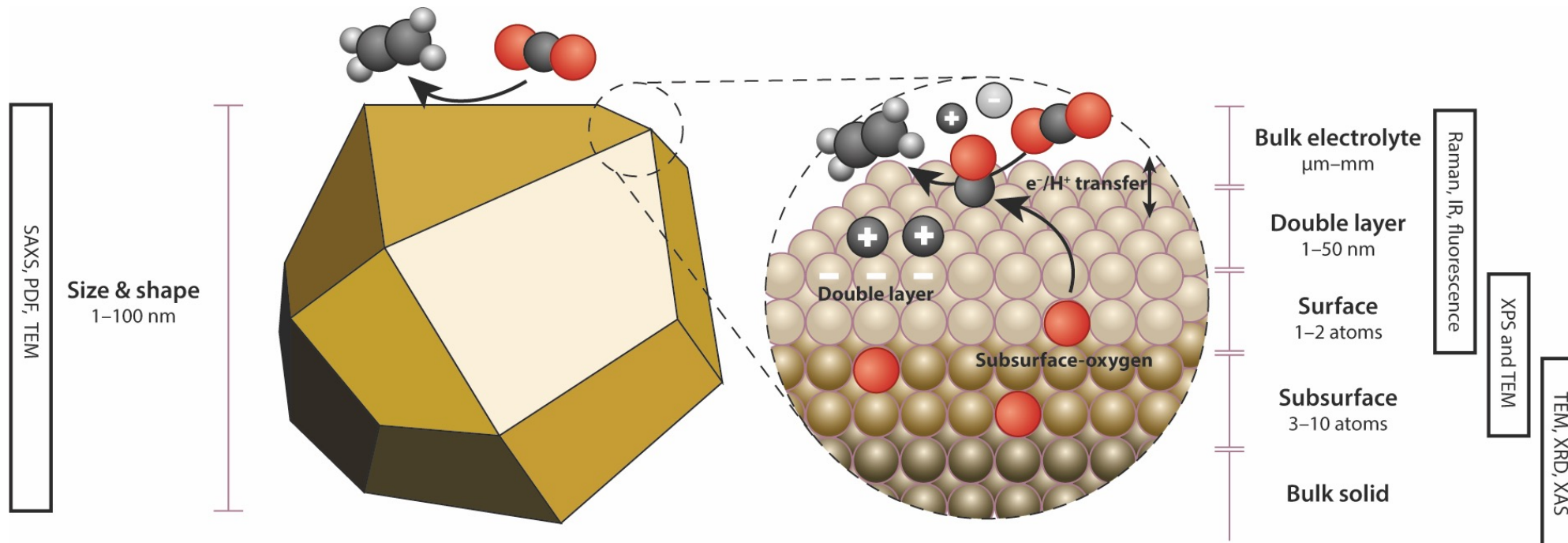
Cleaner production of the fuels and chemicals of today and tomorrow:

clean fossil, synthetic fuels, hydrogen production and storage, biomass valorization, solar fuels,

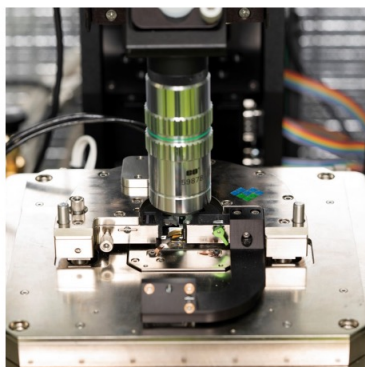
Strongholds

- Catalyst synthesis techniques
- Advanced spectroscopy of catalysts under working conditions
- Theory of X-ray spectroscopy
- 3D Model catalysts

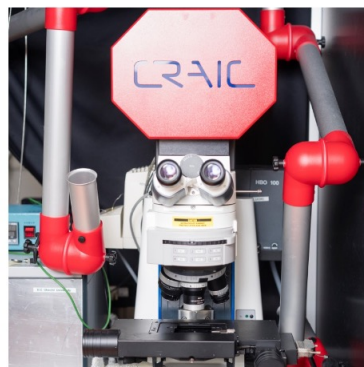
The Goal of our Research: Spectroscopy/characterization



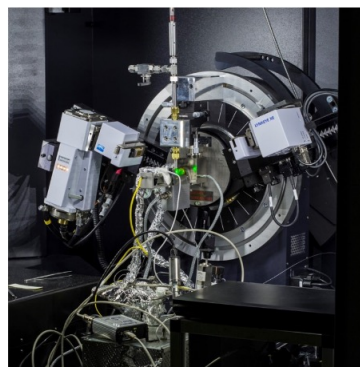
AFM-IR



UV-Vis microscope



XRD-Raman-GC



- + Spectroscopy
- + Microscopy, Micro-/Nano-Spectroscopy
- + Operando/In-situ/Multiple Approach Spectroscopy
- + Atomic Force Microscopy
- + X-ray
- + In-situ Cells
- + Catalyst Characterization Methods
- + Access to various facilities



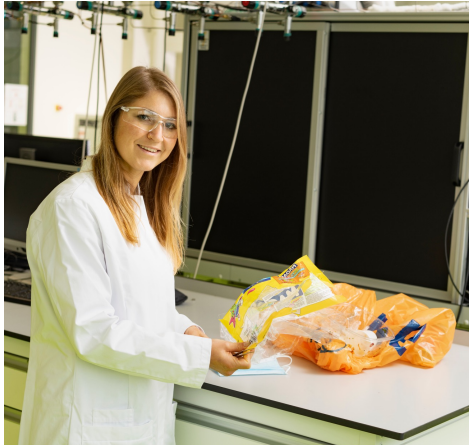
Refinery of the Future: Nobody Knows Exactly What It Will Be

Order-of-Magnitude Calculations with Many Assumptions
Carbon-Neutral Solar Refinery of $\sim 80,000$ barrels per day equivalent

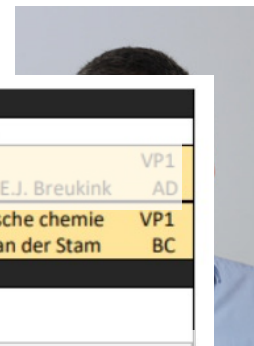
Produces:
(CO₂)
5,6 kton/day long-distance fuels
2,8 kton/day chemicals
2,8 kton/day plastics

Vogt, Weckhuysen, revised paper submitted for publication

ICC in teaching: the faces



ICC in teaching



2023-2024 Scheikunde curriculum											
Verplichte vakken niveau 1											
	Periode 1			Periode 2			Periode 3			Periode 4	
AD	Organische en chemie en spectroscopie SK-BORSP A. Meijerink ABCD	VP1		Fysische en anorganische chemie SK-BFYAN13 M. Kamp CD	VP1		Spectroscopie en analyse (of keuzevak) SK-B1SPANY S.A. Jonker AD	VP1		Biomoleculaire chemie SK-B1BMC E.J. Breukink AD	VP1
BC	Wis- en natuurkunde 1 SK-BWSNK1 A. Imhof BC	VP1		Wis- en natuurkunde 2 SK-BWSNK2 A. Imhof B	VP1		Spectroscopie en analyse (of keuzevak) SK-B1SPANX S.A. Jonker BC	VP1		Kwantumchemie en anorganische chemie SK-BKWAN W. van der Stam BC	VP1
Keuzevakken niveau 2											
AD	Wiskunde 2 SK-BWS2-13 P.A. Zegeling A	MM2		Chemical Biology SK-B2CHBI M. Baggelaar A	ML2		Protein Mass Spectrometry SK-B2PRMS J. Snijder A	ML2			
	Molecular Biology & Biochem. Techniques MBLS-202 G.E. Folkers AD	ML2					Wetenschaps- en techniekcommunicatie BETA-B2WTC E.P.H.M. de Bakker CC2	CC2		Quantum Chemistry 2 SK-B2QC2 Z. Zanolli AD	VK2
	Cell Biology MBLS-101 M. Abbas / B. Kleizen AD	VK 1					Bèta in bedrijf en beleid BETA-B2BBB G.T. Prins AD	CC2			
				Fysische chemie SK-BFYCH B. Ern�� D	MM2		Klimaatverandering in context BETA-B1KLC R. Holzinger D	CC1			
							NMR spectroscopy & molecular modelling SK-B2NMRM A.M.J.J. Bonvin D	ML2			
BC	Structuurbep. R��ntgenstraling & Elektronen SK-B2SRE M. Lutz BC	MM2		Organische chemie 2 – theorie en praktijk SK-BORC13 S.A. Jonker/D.L.J. Broere ABC/BCD	MM2		Anorganische en vastestofchemie SK-BANV13 P.C.A. Bruijninx ABC/BCD	MM2		Practicum analyse SK-BPRAN M. Schwalbe BC	VK2
	Biophysical Methods & Structural Biology MBLS-201 J. Snijder BC	ML2								Spectr. van Moleculen en Materialen SK-B2SPEC A. Meijerink BC	MM2
	Studenten actief in de maatschappij BETA-B2STA H.E.K. Matimba C	CC2					Studenten actief in de maatschappij BETA-B2STA H.E.K. Matimba C	CC2			
Keuzevakken niveau 3											
AD							Wiskunde 3 SK-BWIS3 M. Ruijgrok A	VK3			
							Life Cycle Assessment GEO3-2124 B.C. Corona Bellostas A	CC3			
	Catalysis SK-BKATA B.M. Weckhuysen AD	CC3		Light & Electron Microscopy MBLS-305 H.D. Mac Gillavry AD	VK3		Protein folding & Assembly SK-B3PFA T. Sinnige AD	VK3		Research Project Bijvoet / Debye SK-BREPB/D H. van Ingen/M. Monai AD	VK3
				Polymer Chemistry SK-B3POCH I. Vollmer D	VK3		Advanced Physical Chemistry SK-BFYC3 B.H. Ern�� D	VK3			
BC	Making Modern Science BETA-B3MMS F.D.A. Wegener B	CC3		Organometallic Chemistry SK-B3OMC M. Moret B	VK3		Medicinal Chemistry SK-BMECH08 D.T.S. Rijkers B	VK3		Advanced Structural Biology SK-B3ASB B.J.C. Janssen BC	VK3
	Trending Topics on Biomolecules SK-B3TTB A.J. Boersma BC	VK3		Viral diseases SK-BVIZI S. Ansari BC	CC3					Research Project Bijvoet / Debye SK-BREPB/D H. van Ingen/M. Monai BC	VK3
	Nanomaterials SK-BNANO C. de Mello Donega C	CC3		Solids and Surfaces SK-BVAOP D.A.M. Vanmaekelbergh C	VK3		Organic Chemistry 3 SK-BORC3 R.J. Pieters C	VK3			
Bachelorthesis Scheikunde (15 EC) SK-BTHESIS S. Blad VP3 (min. starteis 120 EC; periode naar keuze) ABCD											

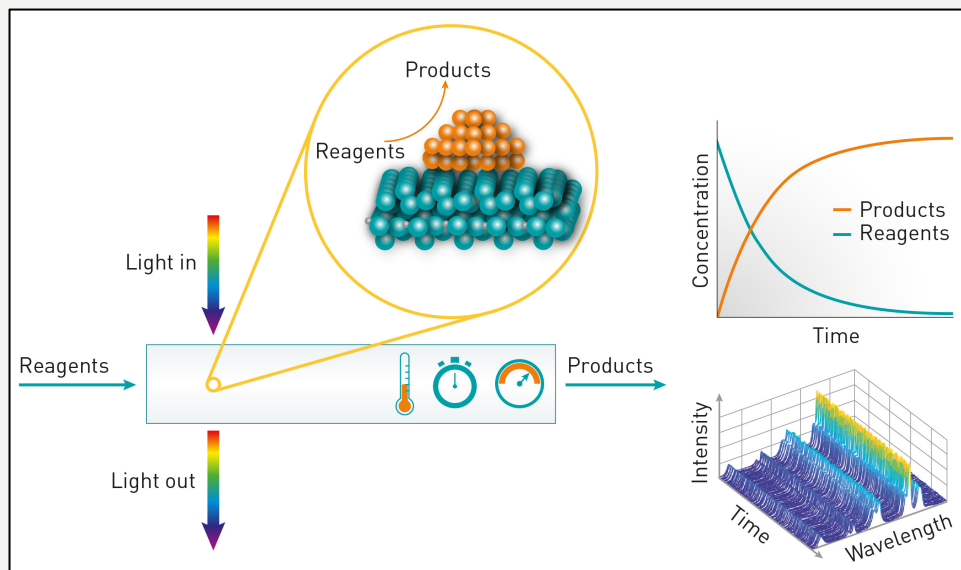
MSc: Advanced Catalysis, Advanced Spectroscopy, Advanced Electrochemistry, Literature review/academic context





‘We try to build a powerful camera to record what happens in a working catalyst. The aim is to make our society circular with new, improved catalysts.’

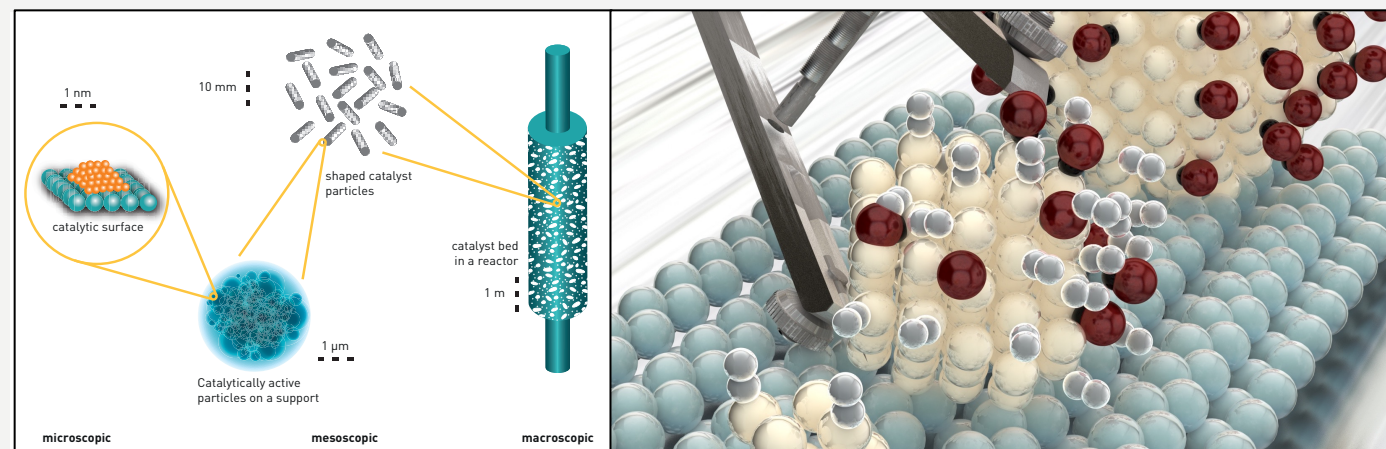
Bert Weckhuysen, Professor Catalysis, Energy & Sustainability at ICC



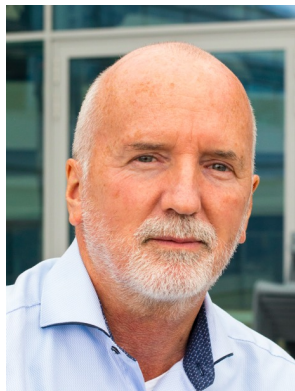
Operando Spectroscopy: We develop and use new spectroscopic and microscopic methods to study solid catalysts while they really work; i.e., at high temperature and pressures, and in the presence of reactants.



The Clean Energy & Materials Transition: How can chemistry and catalysis contribute to foster the necessary transition towards a more sustainable and circular society?

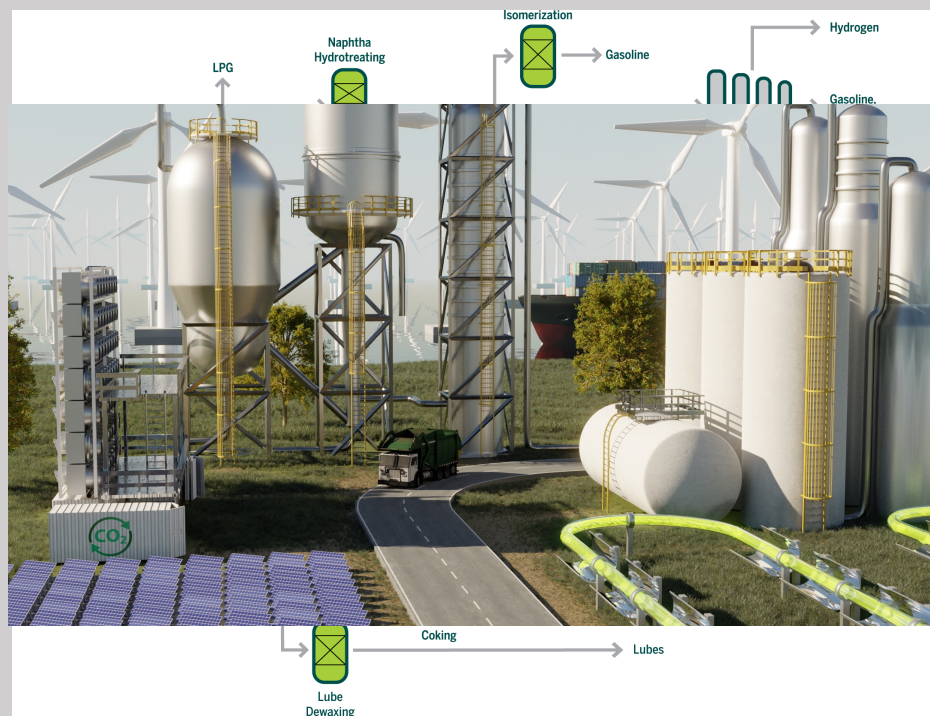


Fundamental Knowledge is Key to Make New or Improved Solid Catalysts: Based on fundamental insights we design new catalysts by precise control of the active phase.

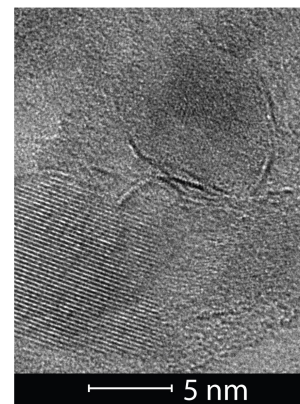


“We want to understand the fundamentals of large chemical processes in the refinery. We will need this knowledge to adapt these processes for the energy transition.”

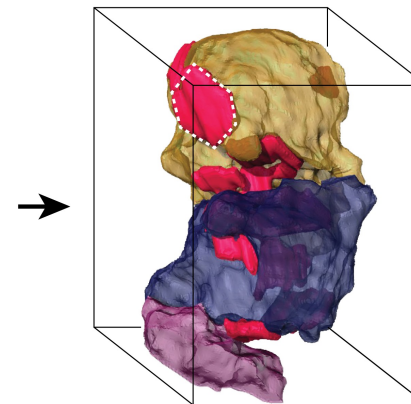
Eelco Vogt, Professor Refinery Catalysis at ICC



Very large scale catalytic processes such as cracking and hydrotreating are used in the refinery to produce chemicals and fuels. The raw materials that go in, and the way we run these processes will drastically change over the next decades.

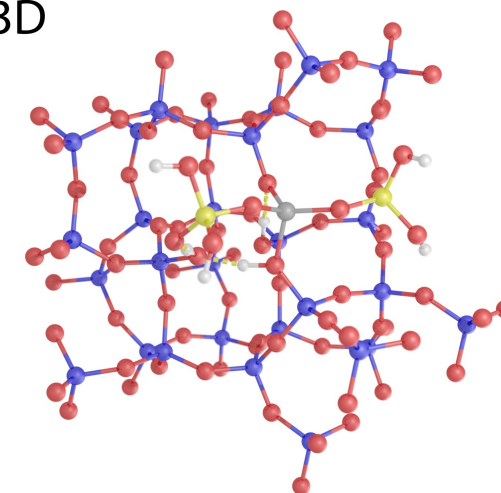


2D



3D

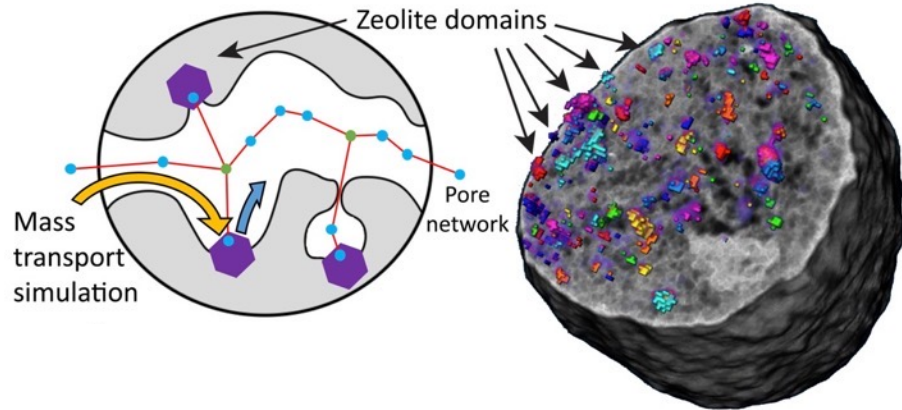
We analyze commercial catalysts or make our own model catalysts. We use computer modeling and high-resolution 3D analysis tools to figure out how they work, and how to make them better.





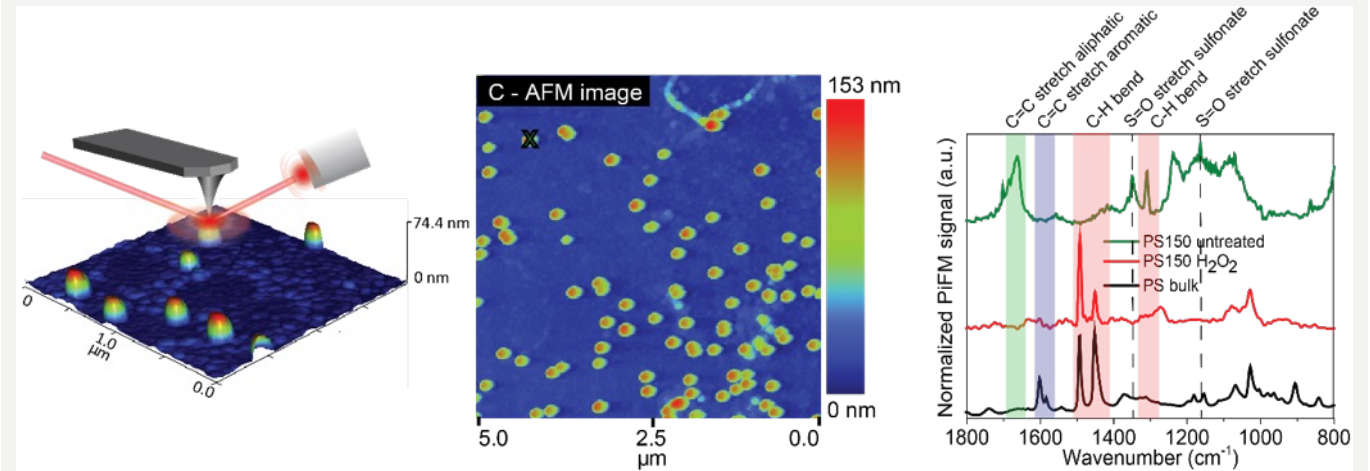
‘We want to look at functional materials and understand how they work - in catalysis, the environment, and even in old oil paintings.’

Florian Meirer, Associate Professor at ICC



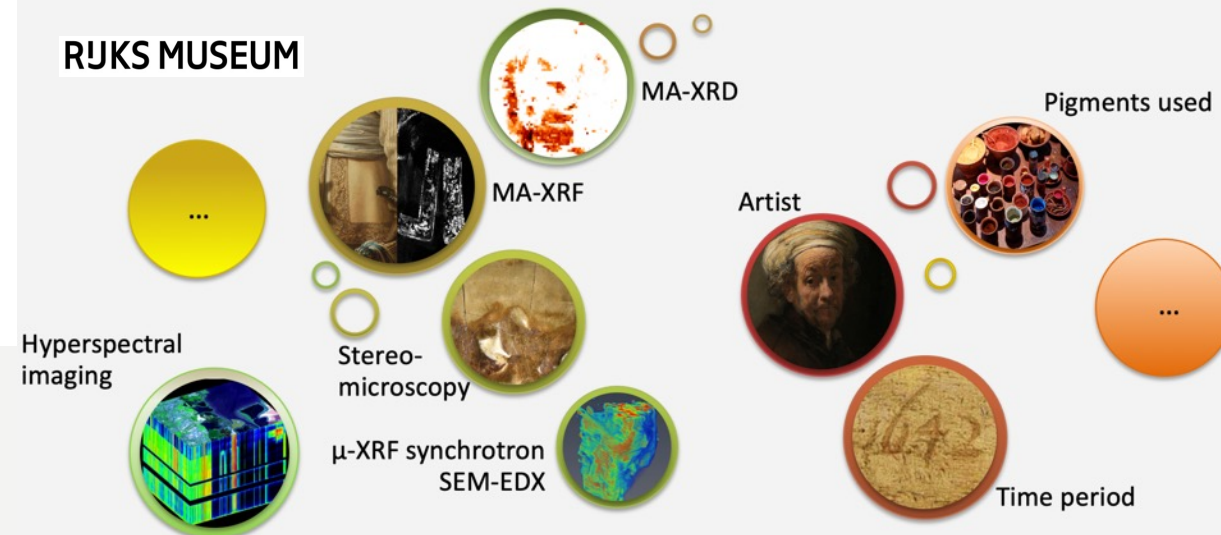
Catalysis: understanding mass transport in catalyst bodies by X-ray microscopy, Super-resolution Localization Microscopy, and diffusion simulation. The depicted FCC catalyst particle is $\sim 100 \mu\text{m}$ in diameter.

Data mining & chemometrics: towards a decision support system for conservators treating oil paintings by correlating hyperspectral imaging methods.



Environmental analysis: studying nanoplastics and their impact in the environment by nano-IR microspectroscopy.

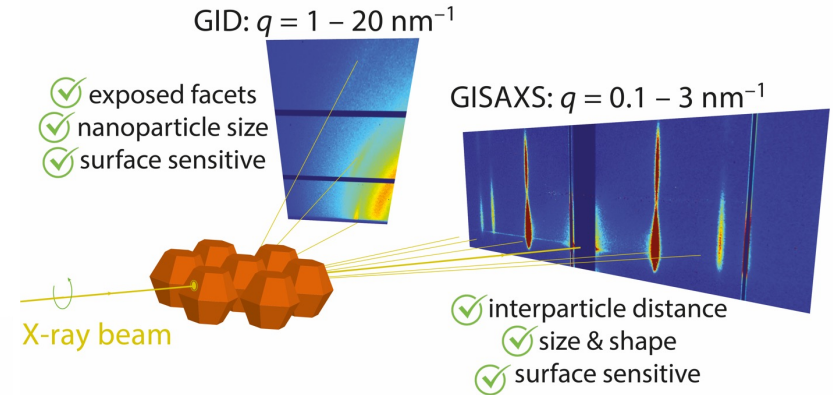
RIJKS MUSEUM



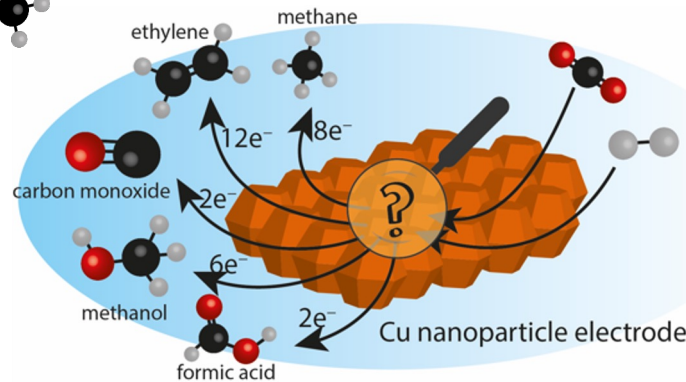


'We want to understand how electrocatalyst nanoparticles convert CO_2 into valuable chemicals through colloidal synthesis and in situ diffraction/spectroscopic investigations.'

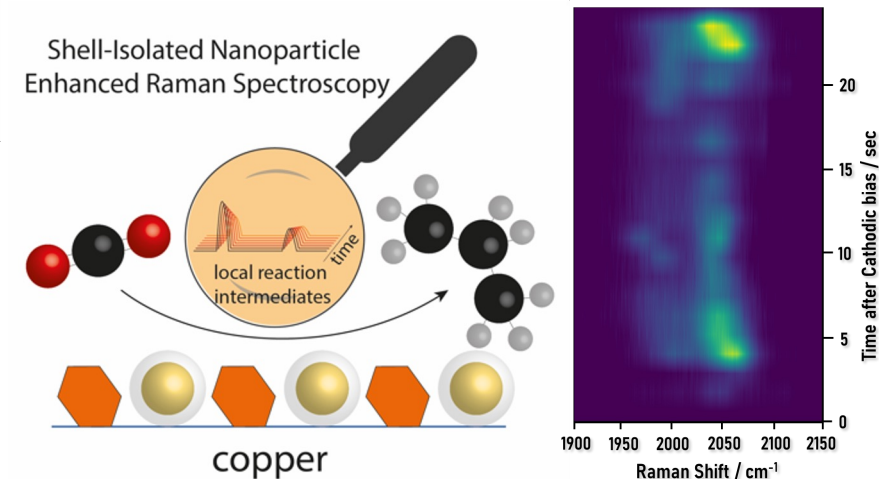
Ward van der Stam, Assistant Professor at ICC



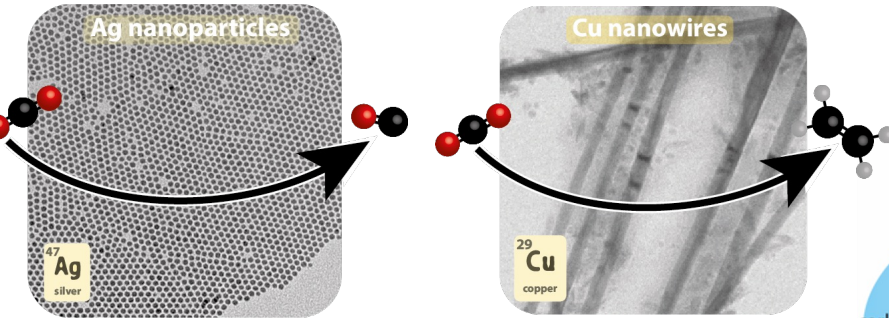
X-ray diffraction/scattering to monitor catalyst structure, faceting and (in)stability



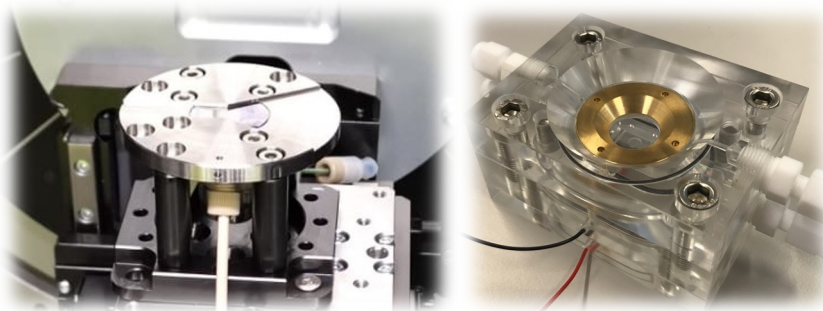
Electrocatalysis: Selectivity is lacking. 16 products are known to form on a Cu electrode, but why? And how can we control this?



Vibrational spectroscopy (Raman/IR) to look at dynamics of surface bound species



Nanoparticle design: explore size and shape effects to tune and control the selectivity



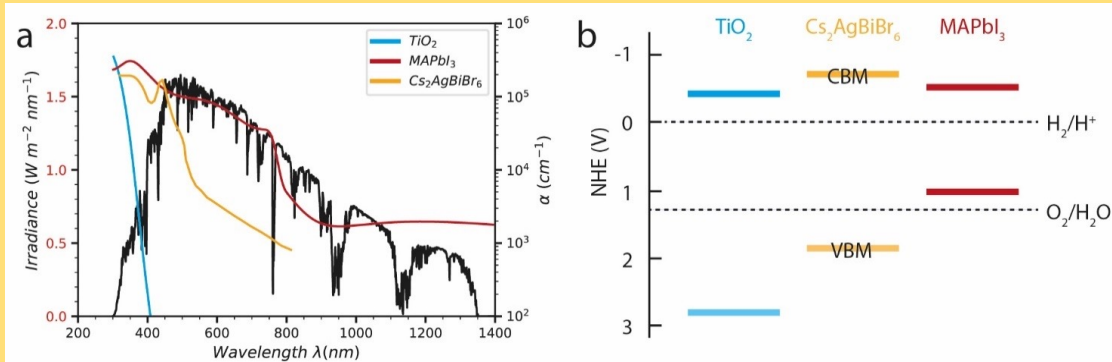
Electrochemical cell design to study catalyst structure and performance



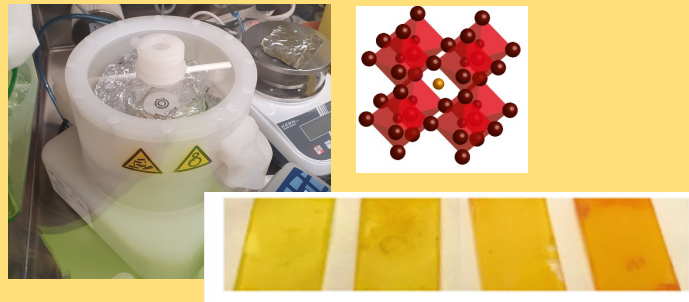
'We want to understand how we can make optimum use of (sun)light, to generate electricity or to initiate chemical reactions.'

Eline Hutter, Assistant Professor at ICC

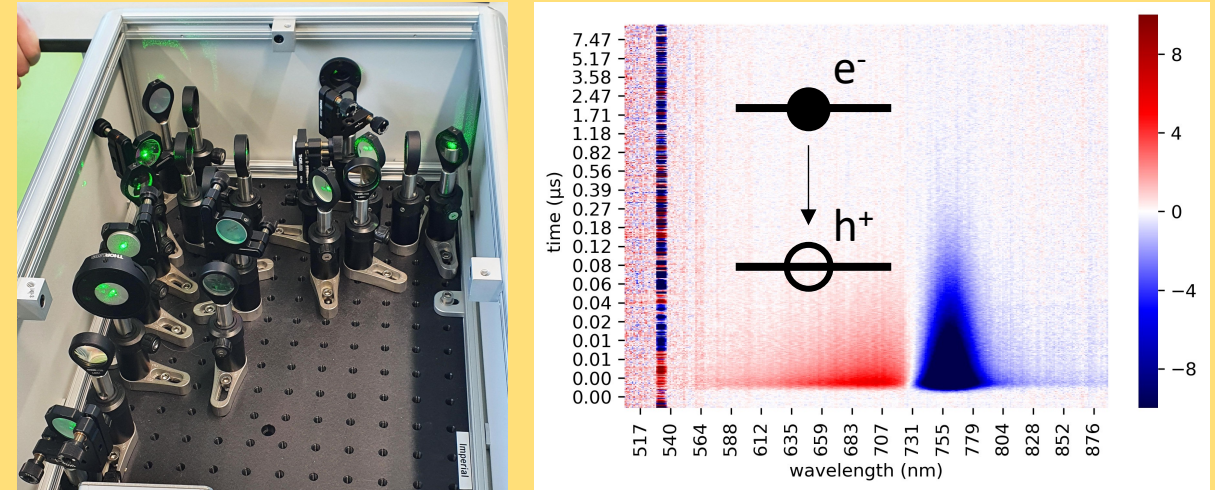
1. Rationally optimizing light absorption: overlap between absorption spectrum and light source



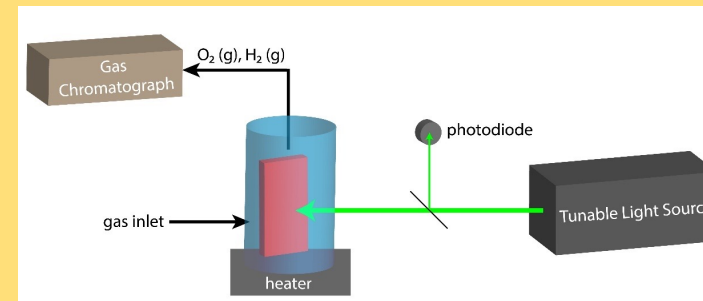
2. Optimize synthesis routes



3. Understanding generation and recombination of charges



4. Relate to photocatalytic performance

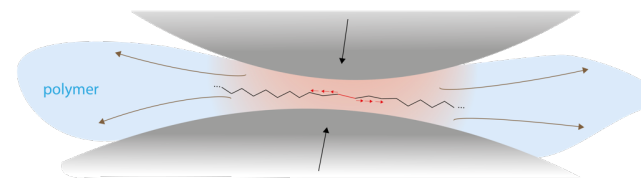
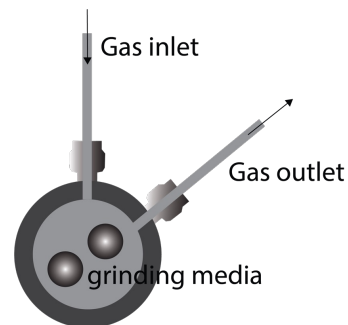




'We focus on finding new ways to convert plastic waste to interesting chemicals, like aromatics, at low temperatures.'

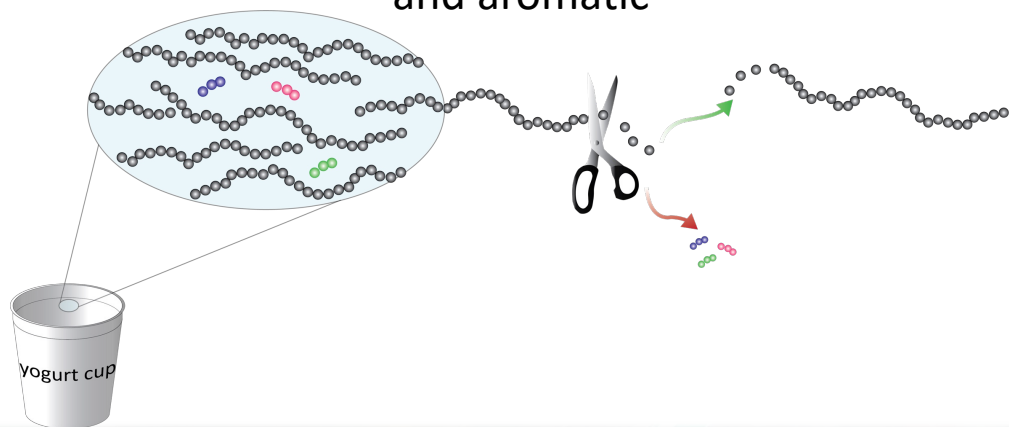
Ina Vollmer, Assistant Professor at ICC

Use mechanical force instead of heat to break chemical bonds

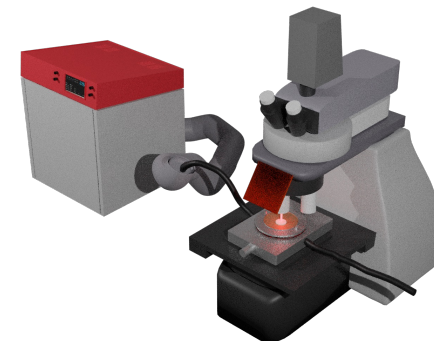
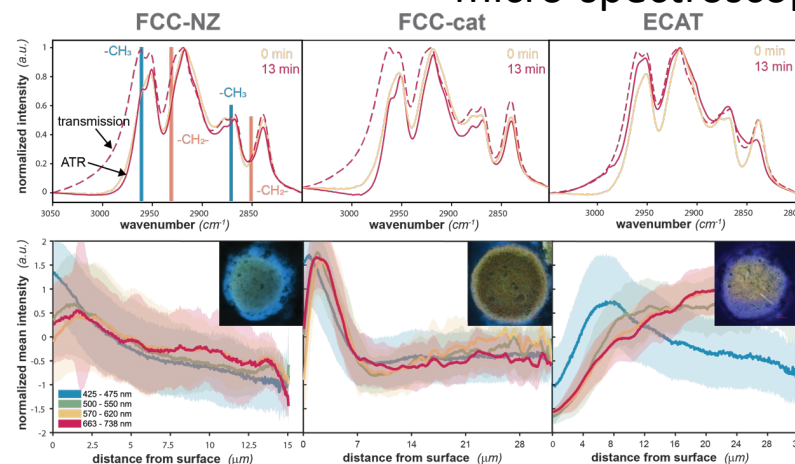


Perform reactions in a shaken ball mill reactor

The polymer is not molten and reshaped, but chemical bonds are broken to obtain alkanes, alkenes and aromatic



Improve catalytic plastic conversion with operando and in-situ micro-spectroscopy



I. Vollmer, M. J. F. Jenks, R. M. González, F. Meirer, B. M. Weckhuysen, *Angew. Chemie Int. Ed.* **2021**, 60, 16101.

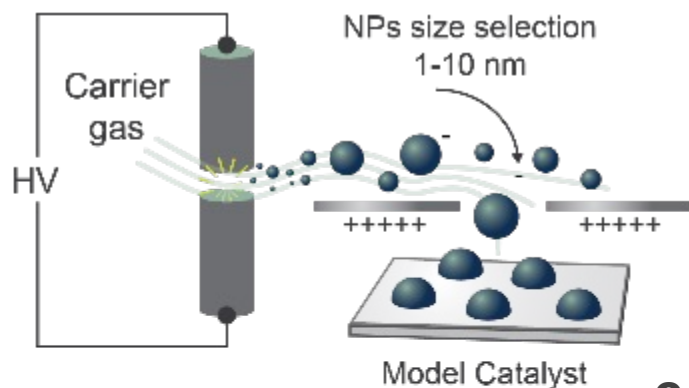


‘We want to go beyond catalyst design using external stimuli to... break the rules of catalysis.’

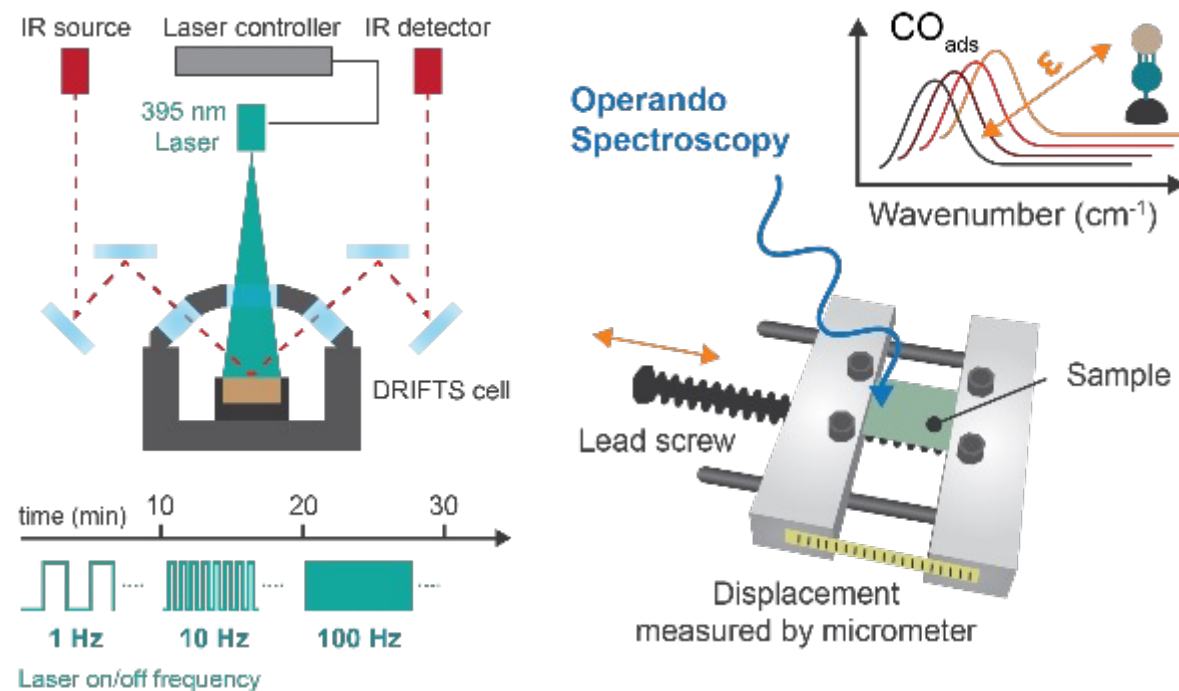
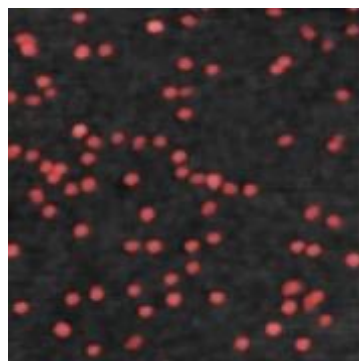
Matteo Monai, Assistant Professor at ICC

The “perfect” catalyst for a reaction can only be as good as the top of the volcano plot. But can we go further?

Model catalysts studies: engineering of metal-support interfaces by advanced synthesis methods



9 nm Ni NPs



External stimuli, such as stress and light, are used to fine-tune the surface properties and steer catalysis towards desired products, beyond the limits imposed by volcano plots in static catalysis.

As MSc student you

- are welcome in our group
- will get your own research project
- will experience all aspects of catalysis / have the possibility to focus on certain aspects
- can choose from a broad range of projects / will get help with finding the right project for you
- find information on <http://www.inorganic-chemistry-and-catalysis.eu/> → have a look at the pages of the PhD students and postdocs
- can contact Florian for more information:
f.meirer@uu.nl

<https://inorganic-chemistry-and-catalysis.eu/available-projects-for-master-students/>

Inorganic Chemistry and Catalysis



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Available Projects for Master Students

Currently the following calls for MSc projects are open. If you are interested **submit your request via the online form linked to [here](#)**. First please consult our page [information for students](#).

Supervisor(s): [Roos Grote](#)

Title: Synthesis and characterization of supported Pd/colloidal gold plasmonic/catalytic nano ensembles for photocatalytic CO oxidation

Start of the MSc project: March 2024 or later

Description: Typically, in industrial catalytic processes, entire reactor vessels are heated by burning fossil fuels, such as natural gas, which takes a lot of energy. Preferably, only the catalytic surface at which the chemical reaction takes place is heated. In this project we introduce the use of light to steer chemical reactions, where the catalytically active sites are locally heated by absorption of (laser) light. This not only reduces the amount of energy needed, but also enables to use green electricity as energy source.

In this project we work on specifically tailored plasmonic/catalytic nanostructures that consist of an optical fiber, which guides light to a metal oxide where the light is outcoupled. Subsequently, the outcoupled light can be converted to heat using the plasmonic properties of metal nanoparticles (here we use gold); the obtained localized heat can be utilized for Pd-catalyzed CO oxidation. As a Master student, your focus will be on synthesis

